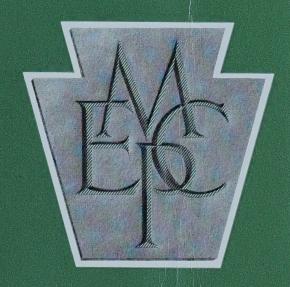
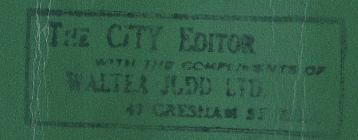
Metropolitan Estate and Property Corporation Limited



Annual Report and Accounts
1966



Chairman's Statement

Directors' Report and Accounts

for the year ended

30th September, 1966



METROPOLITAN ESTATE AND PROPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED

Board of Directors

C. E. M. HARDIE, C.B.E., F.C.A., Chairman

J. SCRIMGEOUR, C.M.G., O.B.E.

Deputy Chairmen

A. KENNEDY KISCH, M.A.

R. H. SHEPPARD, F.A.I., Managing Director

SIR NUTCOMBE HUME, K.B.E., M.C.

R. J. DICKINSON, M.A.

W. E. PHILP, F.R.I.C.S., F.A.I.

J. C. HAWKES, F.R.I.C.S.

M. R. CREASEY, F.A.I.

BERNARD DUFTON, F.C.A.

Secretary and Registered Office

A. L. CROWE, F.C.A.

Brook House, 113 Park Lane, London, W.1.

Auditors

THOMSON MCLINTOCK & CO.

Chartered Accountants, 33 King William Street, London, E.C.4.

Registrars and Transfer Office

MARTINS BANK LIMITED

Clements House, Gresham Street, London, E.C.2.

Bankers

LLOYDS BANK LIMITED

MARTINS BANK LIMITED

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED

PERCY HOUSE

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE:

Regional Headquarters for

← Barclays Bank and I.B.M.

(Financed in association with

The Equitable Life Assurance Society)

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Brook House, 113 Park Lane, London, W.1, on Thursday, 22nd December, 1966, at 12 noon for the following purposes:

- 1 To receive and adopt the Balance Sheet and Statement of Accounts as at 30th September, 1966, and the Report of the Directors thereon.
- 2 To declare a Final Dividend on the Ordinary Share Capital.
- 3 To re-elect Directors.
- 4 To authorise the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors.

A Member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote may appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and, on a poll, to vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company.

By Order of the Board,

A. L. CROWE

Secretary.

Report of the Directors for the year ended 30th September, 1966

To be presented to the Annual General Meeting of the Company at Brook House, 113 Park Lane, London, W.1, on 22nd December, 1966.

£ 19	965 £			66
4,212,701	1,327,843	The excess of Group Income over Expenditure for the year after charging all expenses, but before providing Amortisation and Taxation, was	£ 1,632,092	£ 4,922,081
1,162,343	165,500	development	131,296	1,500,796
3,050,358		Provision for Leasehold Amortisation		3,421,285 95,933
2,957,216	1,077,058 396,047 16,376 80,837	Deduct Taxation for the year: Income Tax	628,459 222,758 633,972 88,100	3,325,352
1,553,980	1,570,318 16,338	Less: Adjustments in respect of previous years	1,573,289 6,824	1,566,465
1,403,236	17,786 126,804 79,053	Net Profit for the year	46,686 162,984 92,135	301,805
1,179,593	97,543 612,779 1,148,961	Dividends paid or payable for the year—Gross Preference	97,543 612,779 1,148,961	1,457,082
1,093,549	765,734	Less: Income Tax retained, or retainable by relief under S.85 Finance Act, 1965	1,859,283	1,406,679
86,044 607,597		Add balance brought forward from previous year		50,403 693,641
£693,641		Balance to carry forward		744,044

The Directors retiring by rotation in accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association are Mr. J. Scrimgeour, C.M.G., O.B.E., and Mr. W. E. Philp and they offer themselves for re-election.

Mr. Maxwell Creasey, F.A.I. and Mr. Bernard Dufton, F.C.A., have been appointed additional Directors since the close of the financial year: in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association they will retire at the Annual General Meeting and they offer themselves for re-appointment.

The Auditors, Messrs. Thomson McLintock & Co. have intimated their willingness to continue in office and a Resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting concerning their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,

A. L. CROWE,

Secretary.

Statement of the Chairman MR. C. E. M. HARDIE

I am glad to report that the growth in income in 1965/66 has more than covered the higher taxation which has become payable in the financial year as a result of the introduction of Corporation Tax. This growth has been achieved only by a positive investment policy involving increased activity which, in the event, has proved successful in dealing with the situation. It will be seen that gross rents have increased from approximately £5.3m. to £6.0m., and that, after meeting the interest payable upon the additional investment, profits before taxation have risen from £2.9m. to £3.3m.

The taxation position is complicated by the fact that, for the first half of the year, Income Tax and Profits Tax were payable and, for the second half, Corporation Tax and the payment to the Inland Revenue of tax deducted from dividends was applicable. As a result, taxation is at a higher overall rate for the year as a whole, but the increased net revenue is sufficient to enable the payment of the same total dividend $(11\frac{1}{2} \text{ per cent, less income tax})$ as last year, whilst at the same time allowing an increase in the Revenue Reserves of the Group.

The company will be fully liable for Corporation Tax in the year 1966/67 and also fully accountable for tax deducted from dividends, and this will entail a still higher overall impact of taxation, as compared with 1965/66. I am glad to say that, from forecasts which have been made, the necessary growth in income is likely to materialise.

It will be seen that the Balance Sheet value of the properties has increased during the year from £57m. to £64.5m. Of this additional investment, over £5m. represents purchases in the United Kingdom, over £1.5m. in Canada, and £0.6m. in Ireland. Funds for additional investment have been provided by further drawings of £3.0m. of the $6\frac{3}{8}$ per cent First Mortgage Debenture Stock from the Prudential Assurance Company Limited, by capital raised in Canada of approximately £1.5m., and the balance from the Group's own resources at the beginning of the year and its cash flow. At the 30th September, 1966, there remained still available for drawing under the Prudential Debenture a sum of £8m.

In Canada, investment has steadily increased, and there are a considerable number of projects for 1966/67. Opportunity was taken, before the credit stringency and level of interest rates in that country became too severe, to raise additional funds from local sources, and our Canadian company accordingly has funds in hand at the present time which are sufficient for its current programme. We still retain our equity holding of nearly 70% in this well-managed company.

In Ireland, there has been a steady investment in commercial properties, and the final development of the shopping centre at Stillorgan (near Dublin) has advanced towards completion and is being formally opened on the 1st December. This is a new development of its type for Ireland, and there is every indication of its being a success. Arrangements have been made with an institution to provide £2m. long-term finance at a satisfactory rate of interest.

The Land Commission Bill will shortly become law and we warmly welcome the eminent surveyor appointed as Chairman. We are naturally concerned with the likely effects of Betterment Levy which appear to be more far-reaching than was at first supposed, although we ourselves are not deeply involved in the development field. There are disturbing factors, however, which could add to the burden of taxation and administration which falls upon a company such as ours. For example, it would appear that all new leases for a term of seven years or more will be notifiable to the Commission.

If it is to be successful the Commission must undoubtedly make a constructive impact in its early years of existence. Several factors could work against this. Firstly, it seems a pity that the Commission administers the Betterment Levy thereby creating one more taxation authority, when it would appear that the taxation aspects could be satisfactorily dealt with by suitable regulations and scales within the Inland Revenue machinery for Capital Gains Tax. Secondly, the transitional provisions appear to be invoking a genuine sense of grievance and, in particular, in certain circumstances the base value of a property

for purposes of the Levy will be at current use value and not at the actual freely negotiated cost price to the intending developer. The programme of dates for starting existing development projects seems also to be much too tight and dependent upon an unlikely acceleration of licensing and planning permission procedures by government and local authorities.

The likely outcome of the Commission's activities will be to increase the price of land and slow down the rate of development.

I have referred above to the positive investment policy which has, so far, made it possible to cover increased taxation inflicted in the last two years. The Dividend has, in any case, now been 'frozen' under the present Government's Incomes Policy, but naturally shareholders will look forward to the time when it can be increased. Our plan for this is to continue to make, progressively, a further investment each year using, in the main, the resources still available at what is currently a moderate rate of interest from the Prudential Assurance Company Limited. We are endeavouring, at the present time, to obtain higher yields on our investments in property in line with the higher interest rates prevailing generally but, not surprisingly, owing to the lack of confidence in other spheres of investment there is still a large general demand for sound properties, and prices have not materially eased. We have also to pursue our policy of retaining a balanced portfolio of office, shop and industrial premises, with minor stress only upon residential properties.

I attempted, last year, to analyse the various courses available to the company in common with other property companies having regard to the effect of current Government fiscal policies, and for various reasons certain alternatives which might have been applicable elsewhere were ruled out. I indicated, however, that every effort would

be made towards a suitable merger or acquisition to enable us to vary our basic capital structure in the process. During the year discussions have been held with a number of property companies of varying sizes with this object in mind. Our main consideration, of course, has been to find concerns which are not only essentially sound in their property investment and finances, but are prepared to come to terms which are realistic in present circumstances. In no case were these three conditions entirely fulfilled and, indeed, in most cases the main result of a transaction would have been to make available our own advantageous resources to meet their financial needs. In short, it is not possible to report any success on this score although we shall still watch for opportunities.

Your company could, at one time, have been considered to have an imbalance in its gearing, with low Debenture capital in relation to Share capital, but present circumstances have now, in fact, brought it to the point when its capital base is standing it in extremely good stead. We still have outstanding borrowing powers and arranged borrowings of a very substantial nature at a moderate rate of interest. In these circumstances I still consider it our primary task to continue our present policy of forceful investment to improve income with a view to bringing about an increase in dividends at the earliest permissible date.

Head Office expenses have in fact decreased during the last financial year despite the heavy burden being placed upon our staff who, led by Mr. R. H. Sheppard, the Managing Director, have, as is always the case, responded to energetic measures. I am particularly glad to recommend to the shareholders confirmation of the appointment to the Board of two senior executives, Mr. M. R. Creasey (previously General Manager), and Mr. B. Dufton (previously Secretary, in whose place Mr. A. L. Crowe has been appointed).



METROPOLITAN ESTATE AND I

Balance Sheet of the Company and Consolidated Balance Sheet

	£ 19	M.E.P.C. L 66	TD. 1965 £	1	GROU 966	P 1965 £
Authorised Share Capital Ordinary Capital (in shares of 5/- each) 4½% Cumulative Preference Capital (in shares of £1 each)		17,500,000 2,500,000	17,500,000 2,500,000			
		£20,000,000	£20,000,000			
Issued Share Capital and Reserves Ordinary Capital (fully paid)		15,319,478	15,319,478		15,319,478	15,319,478
Capital Reserves General—Note 4	2,780,304 7,439,376		2,771,945 7,439,376	7,095,552 7,439,376		6,564,579 7,439,376
		10,219,680	10,211,321		14,534,928	14,003,955
Revenue Reserves Dealing Profits Unappropriated Profit	124,444 380,829		77,758 357,286	124,444 744,044		77,758 693,641
		505,273	435,044		868,488	771,399
Ordinary Capital and Reserves		26,044,431 2,167,631	25,965,843 2,167,631		30,722,894 2,167,631	30,094,832 2,167,631
		28,212,062	28,133,474		32,890,525	32,262,463
Future Taxation Taxation Equalisation Account (Overseas)		_			428,900	327,700
Outside Interests in Subsidiary Companies		* * * * <u> </u>	-		2,290,954	1,210,929
Loan Capital 4% First Mortgage Debenture Stock 53 % First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1984/89 68 % First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1997/2000—Note 6 Other Mortgages Debenture Stocks and Bonds of Subsidiaries—Note 5	3,014,899 5,000,000 4,000,000 931,310		3,076,334 5,000,000 1,000,000 935,000	3,014,899 5,000,000 4,000,000 7,126,534 9,737,130		3,076,334 5,000,000 1,000,000 5,972,011 9,756,127
		12,946,209	10,011,334		28,878,563	24,804,472
Subsidiary Companies Advances (without security)		8,660,769	7,391,282			_
Provision for Repairs, Renewals of Fixed Plant and Dilapidations		271,010	288,244		310,919	372,196
Current Liabilities Loans from Bankers Creditors and Accrued Charges Current Taxation Proposed Final Ordinary Dividend — Gross	335,384 1,041,196 557,413 1,148,961		642,829 744,513 675,015 (1	1,684,460 2,123,331 1,504,050 Net) 1,148,961		672,732 1,734,709 1,603,992 675,015 (Net
		3,082,954	2,062,357		6,460,802	4,686,448
		£53,173,004	£47,886,691		£71,260,663	£63,664,208

The Notes appearing on page 1

OPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED

the Company and Subsidiary Companies at 30th September, 1966

	M.E.P.G. LTD.					
	£ 19	66 £	1965 £	1966	1965 £	
Fixed Assets						
Properties at valuation or at cost—Note 1: Freehold, less Depreciation Reserve [£148,015 (Group: £980,445)—Note 2]		17,907,422	14,179,637	48,580,908	42,779,880	
Leasehold	9,344,283 261,533		8,611,129 212,798	16,514,702 534,889	14,825,318 443,990	
		9,082,750	8,398,331	15,979,813	14,381,328	
L		26,990,172	22,577,968	64,560,721	57,161,208	
Investment—£232,879 nominal of the Corporation's 4% First Mortgage Debenture Stock, at cost (Market Value £124,590)		192,287	217,157	192,287	217,157	
Capital Redemption Policies at surrender values Funds for re-investment held by Debenture Trustees .		331,852 22,972	220,726 963	331,852 22,972	313,892 963	
Furniture and Fittings, Office Machinery, and Motor Cars at cost, <i>less</i> depreciation		39,441	42,999	57,871	58,580	
[~12,130 (Group: 2003,0207)]		27,576,724	23,059,813	65,165,703	57,751,800	
Subsidiary Companies						
* *	15,453,582 6,615,013		15,213,536 4,923,059			
		22,068,595	20,136,595			
Interests in Associated Companies	25((4.005	2567	22.765	
Shares at cost (unquoted)	3,566 1,002,776	•	4,095 832,543	3567 1,152,074	22,765 1,066,824	
		1,006,342	836,638	1,155,641	1,089,589	
Current Assets Loans (secured)	703,308		377,856	1,405,682	611,077	
Debtors for Rents and Sundry Balances, less Provision for Doubtful Debts	847,279		487,778	1,336,753	881,873	
Tax Reserve Certificates	816,443		900,000	816,443	900,000	
Bank and Cash Balances and short term Deposits	140,309		2,081,822	1,082,454	2,182,875	
		2,507,339	3,847,456	4,641,332	4,575,825	
Outgoings in respect of properties under development		14,004	6,189	297,987	246,994	
CHARLES E 14 HARRIE						
CHARLES E. M. HARDIE RICHARD H. SHEPPARD	'S					
		£53,173,004	£47,886,691	£71,260,663	£63,664,208	

an integral part of the Accounts.

METROPOLITAN ESTATE AND PROPERTY CORPORATION LIMITED

Consolidated Revenue Account of the Company and Subsidiary Companies for the year ended 30th September, 1966

			4000	
£ 196	5 £		1966 £	£
5,290,090		Rents and Charges		5,989,267
	201.600	Less: Ground Rents on Leasehold Properties	295,410	
	291,600	Property Outgoings, Management and Company Administration	,	
1 250 070	967,379	Expenses	1,112,580	1 407 000
1,258,979 4,031,111				1,407,990 4,581,277
261,740		Sundry Investment and other Income		419,703
4,292,851				5,000,980
		Deduct:		
	8,250	Directors' Remuneration: Fees	10,750	
	34,591	Emoluments of Executive Directors	26,821	
	3,629	Pensions to former Directors	4,950	
	46,470 6,277	Auditors' Fees	42,521 7,677	
	3,487	Debenture Trustees' Fees	3,339	
	6,778 7,859	Registration Expenses	6,922 7,498	
	9,279	Depreciation of Furniture and Fittings, Office Machinery and Motor Cars	10,942	
80,150				78,899
4,212,701				4,922,081
	1,247,179	Interest Debenture Stocks and Mortgages	1,489,645	
	80,664	Bank Loans		
	1,327,843		1,632,092	
1,162,343	165,500	Less: Amount applicable to properties held for or in course of development	131,296	1,500,796
3,050,358		Net Revenue before charging Taxation and Amortisation		3,421,285
93,142		Provision for Leasehold Amortisation		95,933
2,957,216		Deduct:		3,325,352
		Taxation on revenue for the year:		
	396,047	Profits Tax	222,758	
	1,077,058 16,376	Income Tax	628,459 633,972	
	80,837	Corporation Tax	88,100	
	1,570,318 16,338 Cr.	Adjustment in respect of previous years	1,573,289 6,824 Cr.	
1,553,980		regustment in respect of previous years		1,566,465
1,403,236		Net Profit for the year		1,758,887
	17.706	Deduct:	16.606	
	17,786 126,804	Profit on Dealing after Tax, transferred to Reserve	46,686 162.984	
222 (42	79,053	Profit attributable to Outside Interests in Subsidiaries	92,135	
$\frac{223,643}{1,179,593}$	EPPA EL Transmitte committe qui al la la committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa del committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa de la committa de la committa del committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa de la committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa de la committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa de la committa de la committa del committa de la committa de la committa del committa del committa del committa del committa del committa del committa			301,805
1,1/9,393		Dividends paid or payable for the year—gross		1,457,082
	97,543	Preference	97,543	
	612,779 (4%)	Ordinary: Interim (4%) paid 24th June, 1966	612,779	
	$1,148,961 \ (7\frac{1}{2}\%)$	Proposed Final (7½%) payable 22nd December, 1966	1,148,961	
	1,859,283	Lassy Income Tay retained on retainable by relief under	1,859,283	
	765,734	Less: Income Tax retained, or retainable by relief under S.85 Finance Act, 1965	452,604	
1,093,549				1,406,679
86,044 607,597		Balance brought forward from previous year		50,403 693,641
£693,641		Balance carried to Consolidated Balance Sheet		£744,044
		The Notes appearing on page 11 form an integral part of the Accounts.		

Notes on the Accounts

1. The gross values of the Properties in the Balance Sheets are:

The gross various of the Froperties in the Dalance Sheets are.									
	M.E.P.C. Ltd.	Group £							
UNITED KINGDOM At Valuation by Messrs. Knight, Fran & Rutley, at 30,9.60	ık . 15,895,777	19,065,508							
At Valuation by Directors of Tow Investments Limited, at 30.9.59		8,832,301							
At Valuation for mortgage purposes be Directors of Subsidiary Companies a		2 400 207							
30.9.66		2,490,287							
At Cost	. 11,503,943	22,608,624							
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	27,399,720	52,996,720							
At Cost	. –	13,079,335							
	£27,399,720	£66,076,055							

2. Income Tax allowances for Industrial Buildings, etc., are included in Reserve for Depreciation of Freehold Properties. The movements on this Reserve have been:

m this reserve have been.	M.E.P.C. Ltd.	Group
Balance brought forward from previous year	106,912	726,558
Transfer from Capital Reserve .		50,000
Income Tax Allowances received during the year	41,103	43,186
Adjustment on sale of property	_	2,283
Appropriated out of Canadian profits	· —	162,984
	£148,015	£980,445

- 3. The freehold and leasehold properties of Town Investments Limited were revalued in 1959 and the unrealised surplus thereon incorporated in the Group Balance Sheet amounts to £1,833,169. Corporation Tax will become payable on any realised part of this surplus.
- 4. The movements on Capital Reserve General have been:

	M.E.P.C. Ltd.	Group £
Balance brought forward from previous year	2,771,945	6,564,579
Less: Capital issue expenses	19,220	137,672
Transfer to Reserve for deprecia- tion of Freehold Properties .		50,000
	2,752,725	6,376,907
Add: Surpluses on—		
Purchase of Debenture Stock for redemption	r 19,750	19,750
Realisation of Properties and Sundry Credits	i . 7,829	277,609
Revaluation of Properties .	. —	421,286
	£2,780,304	£7,095,552

5. Debenture Stocks and Bonds of Subsidiary Companies are:

OUTSIDE THE UNITED KINGDOM	£
63 % First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds 1982	958,333
57% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds 1983	1,148,297
63% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Bonds 1983	212,500
	2,319,130
UNITED KINGDOM	
$3\frac{3}{4}\%$ Debenture Stock $1965/78$	120,000
5 ² / ₆ First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1985/90	2,500,000
6½% First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1985/90	500,000
6% First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1987 .	1,250,000
First Mortgage Debenture 1992	3,048,000
	£9,737,130

- 6. The Prudential Assurance Company Limited have undertaken to subscribe for £12 million of 6½% First Mortgage Debenture Stock over the period ending July 1970 of which £4 million had been subscribed at 30th September, 1966. Stockholders will have the right to convert up to 10 per cent of the Stock issued into Ordinary Shares of M.E.P.C. Ltd. at 10/6d. per Share, the option to be exercisable in December in each of the years 1966 to 1970 inclusive.
- 7. The holders of the 6% First Mortgage Debenture Stock 1987 issued by a Subsidiary Company have the right to call for repayment of £300,000 of such Stock and to subscribe therewith for Ordinary Share Capital of M.E.P.C. Ltd. as follows:

1st January, 1967 and 1968 at 20s. per share. 1st January, 1969, 1970 and 1971 at 25s. per share.

8. Share purchase warrants were issued on 30th June, 1966 to the subscribers of the 6% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Capital issued by M.E.P.C. Canadian Properties Limited, entitling the holders to purchase not later than 30th June, 1976, a total of 100,000 Common Shares at \$3.50 per share.

At 30th September, 1966 share purchase warrants were outstanding entitling the holders to purchase, not later than 1st August, 1976, 96,600 Common Shares in M.E.P.C. Canadian Properties Limited at \$3.50 per share.

Executives of M.E.P.C. Canadian Properties Limited have options to purchase 10,000 Common Shares at \$2.50 and 22,500 Common Shares at \$3.50 not later than 1st October, 1969.

The total interest of outside Shareholders in this subsidiary will be 35% approximately if the rights and options are exercised in full, compared with 31% at 30th September, 1966.

- 9. The Assets and Liabilities of the Canadian Subsidiary have been converted into Sterling at £1 = \$3.
- 10. Capital commitments amount to:
 M.E.P.C. Ltd. Group
 £494,000 £2,578,000
 There is also a conditional capital commitment of the Group amounting to £862,000.
- 11. In addition to commitments in (10) above M.E.P.C. Ltd. has undertaken to procure finance amounting to £1,390,000 for developments by Associated Companies, of which £932,500 has been provided out of the Company's own resources at 30th September, 1966.
- 12. The Holding Company has Contingent Liabilities of £949,498 in respect of Uncalled Capital investments in Subsidiary Companies.

Auditors' Report

We have audited the books and records of Metropolitan Estate and Property Corporation Limited for the year ended 30th September, 1966, and have obtained all the information we required. Proper books of account have been kept. The accounts of the company on pages 8 to 10 agree with the books, and together with the group accounts and notes on page 11 comply with the Companies Act, 1948. Certain of the subsidiaries have been audited by other firms of accountants.

In our opinion these accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company, and of the state of affairs and profit of the company and its subsidiaries regarded as a single undertaking.

THOMSON McLINTOCK & CO.

Chartered Accountants

33 King William Street London E.C.4 29th November, 1966.

Comparative Information 1957–1966

GROUP BALANCE SHEET (£000's)

GROUP REVENUE ACCOUNT

(£000's)

	Properties (Gross)	Loan Capital	Preference Capital	Ordinary Capital	Reserves		Gross Revenue	Profit before Taxation		Profit available for Ordinary Dividends and Reserves	
	£	£	£	£	£		£	£	£	£	£
1957	12,819†	3,946	1,525	2,505	4,813	1957	1,291	578	354	184	144
1958	16,675	6,824	1,525	2,683	6,015	1958	1,606	728	413	276	195
1959	18,644	7,239	1,525	4,025*	5,263	1959	1,712	862	424	398	308
1960	22,550	8,860	1,525	5,137	7,552	1960	2,157	1,168	586	540	425
1961	31,800‡	6,779	1,525	7,939	15,365	1961	2,561	1,548	799	696	629
1962	46,507	13,645	2,025	15,319**	13,805	1962	4,151	2,380	1,271	1,036	891
1963	50,368	15,001	2,025	15,319	13,943	1963	4,499	2,552	1,336	1,125	985
1964	55,349	21,122	2,168	15,319	13,860	1964	4,932	2,630	1,367	1,157	985
1965	58,332	24,804	2,168	15,319	14,775	1965	5,552	2,957	1,554	1,266	1,035
1966	66,076	28,879	2,168	15,319	15,401	1966	6,409	3,325	1,566	1,589	1,329

^{*}Bonus Issue of 1 for 2 required £1,341,000 Capital.

Analysis of Group Properties

The Properties owned by the Group according to the Consolidated Balance Sheet at 30th September, 1966 can be divided into the following main categories (at gross book values):

	Freehold	Leasehold (over 50 years unexpired)	Leasehold (less than 50 years unexpired)	Total	%
UNITED KINGDOM	£	t	£	£	
Offices	10,620,749	6,446,116	1,766,865	18,833,730	28.5
Shops	15,285,408	3,890,535	246,336	19,422,279	29.4
Commercial and Industrial	10,051,972	2,031,850	220,275	12,304,097	18.6
Residential	711,861	1,724,528	225	2,436,614	3.7
	36,669,990	14,093,029	2,233,701	52,996,720	80.2
OUTSIDE THE UNITED KINGDOM					
Offices	5,663,631	101,631	_	5,765,262	8.7
Shops	1,262,260	86,341	_	1,348,601	2.1
Commercial and Industrial	5,965,472	~	-	5,965,472	9.0
	£49,561,353	£14,281,001	£2,233,701	£66,076,055	100%
Percentage of Total	75.0%	21.6%	3.4%	100%	

^{**}Bonus Issue of 1 for 2 required £3,969,377 Capital.

[†]Property Revaluation at 30-9-1955 adopted in Balance Sheet 30-9-1957 (Surplus £3,141,000).

[‡]Property Revaluation at 30-9-1960 adopted in Balance Sheet 30-9-1961 (Surplus £5,072,000).

[†]After deducting minority Interests and Preference Dividends.

OFFICE AND
INDUSTRIAL
DEVELOPMENT
CRAWLEY
NEW TOWN
SUSSEX





OFFICES AT 51-53 HATTON GARDEN, LONDON E.C.1

now being modernised and available for letting

CAVRIDY HOUSE
GUILDFORD, SURREY
A RECENT
OFFICE DEVELOPMENT



M. E. P. C.
CANADIAN
PROPERTIES
LIMITED



THE DAVIE BUILDING, VANCOUVER

PITNEY-BOWES SHOWROOMS AND OFFICES, MONTREAL



M. E. P. C. CANADIAN PROPERTIES LIMITED

AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

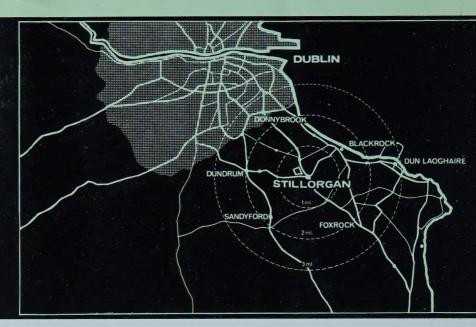
	Summ	arised B	alance	Sheet-	_30th Se	ptembe	r, 1966		Co	mparative 1965
Fixed Assets—at cost			:				:		\$ 35,899,202 1,905,765	\$ 30,959,231 1,408,856
Loans and Advances									33,993,437	29,550,375
Advanced to Associated Compa	ny .	•			•				441,148	435,092
Current Assets Cash and Marketable Securities Rent Receivable and Prepaid Ex				:		:	:		2,486,323 211,654	119,835 128,048
D. F I Cl									2,697,977	247,883
Deferred Charges									512,629	472,393
Total Assets							٠		\$37,645,191	\$30,705,743
Current Liabilities Bank Overdraft Accounts payable, etc.	: :	÷	:		:	- ;	:		1,338,256 1,505,691	200,000 716,319
Deferred Income Taxes .							. 1		2,843,947 500,000	916,319 500,000
									3,343,947	1,416,319
Loan Capital Mortgages and Notes Payable									20,033,101	17,833,090
Net Assets							٠		\$14,268,143	\$11,456,334
Shareholders' Equity Represented by: 3,774,180 Common Shares of Surplus					:				9,741,179 2,026,964	9,741,179 1,715,155
100,000 6% Redeemable Pr	eference S	Shares c	of \$25 c	each .					11,768,143 2,500,000	11,456,334
									\$14,268,143	\$11,456,334
Consolidated Statement of P for the year ended 30th Sep	otember, 1		ve 1965			for	Consolid the yea	ated State r ended 30	ment of Surplu th September,	s 1 966 mparative 1965
	\$	\$							\$	\$
Rental Revenue 3, Less: Property Expenses (heating,	413,510	2,489	9,125		Surplus, Add:	, 1st O	ctober,	1965 .	1,715,155	1,183,812
lighting, repairs and main- tenance, insurance, muni- cipal taxes, etc.)	765,876	436	5,626		Surpl	us on s	ng prot sale of	fit	786,299	720,265
	647,634	2,052			prope	rty .			78,737 865,036	720 265
Less: General and Administrative									2,580,191	720,265
	194,382 453,252	1,902	2,775							
-	137,522		2,550			nses of s	share			
Sundry Expenses less Sundry Income	40,477	30	0,453			ends pa	aid—	224,983		913
	177,999		2,097			mmon ference		301,944 26,300		188,009
1,	275,253 488,954	1,100	0,678						553,227	188,922
Net Operating Profit \$	786,299	\$720	0,265		Surplus,	30th \$	Septeml	ber, 1966	\$2,026,964	\$1,715,155

The above has been summarised from the audited Consolidated Accounts of M.E.P.C. Canadian Properties Limited and its subsidiaries.

M.E.P.C. (IRELAND) LTD STILLORGAN SHOPPING CENTRE

This Shopping Centre of 60 units, with parking space for 600 cars, is approximately six miles from the centre of Dublin. It is probably the most modern and advanced shopping complex in Europe, being located at the intersection of two main highways and at the hub of a growing population now in excess of 150,000. Already more than 70% of the space available for letting has been reserved by many of the most prominent traders in the Republic including a department store and two supermarkets.

The Prime Minister of the Irish Republic will perform the opening ceremony at Stillorgan on December 1st of this year.





A view through a wide-angle lens of a part of the Central Square and Mall at the Stillorgan Shopping Centre during construction.



The activities of Metropolitan Estate and Property Corporation Limited and its subsidiary and associated companies are entirely related to property investment and development.

The Management of properties and administration of subsidiary companies in the United Kingdom is carried out by the parent company.

PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

UNITED KINGDOM

Wholly owned operating Subsidiaries:

AVONDOWN PROPERTIES LIMITED

THE BLETCHLEY PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED

COLUMBUS PROPERTIES LIMITED

ELOM PROPERTIES LIMITED

FINSBURY CIRCUS ESTATES LIMITED

FURLONG PROPERTIES LIMITED

HANTON HOLDINGS LIMITED

THE HOUSE AND LAND SYNDICATE LIMITED

THE JUNIOR PROPERTY AND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED

KINGPOST INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

KINGSLEY INVESTMENT TRUST LIMITED

THE MANCHESTER COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS COMPANY LIMITED

M.E.P.C. (LIVERPOOL) LIMITED

METROPOLITAN COMMERCIAL PROPERTY INVESTMENTS LIMITED

ST. MARY'S ESTATE LIMITED

SURREY SHOP HOLDINGS LIMITED

TOWN INVESTMENTS LIMITED

(Wholly owned subsidiaries:

London Land & Property Company Limited

Twenty Albert Embankment Limited

Waddon Investments Limited)

Subsidiary companies partly owned:

M.E.P.C. (PENTYRCH) LIMITED		95%
OXENFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED		67%
PERCY STREET INVESTMENTS LIMITED		
PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT CONSORTIUM LIMITED		80%
THREADNEEDLE PROPERTY COMPANY LIMITED		65%
(Wholly owned subsidiary:		
Tudor Properties (Bramhall) Limited)		

Associated companies:

CURRIE INVESTMENTS LIMITED				25%
M.E.P.C. (GLASGOW) LIMITED				50%
METROLAIN PROPERTIES LIMITED	D.			50%
TOWN HOLDINGS LIMITED .				50%

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UTSIDE THE UNITED KINGDOM		
M.E.P.C. CANADIAN PROPERTIES LTD, and subsidiaries		
365 BAY STREET, TORONTO 1. (President: P. A. Anker	, A.R	.I.C.S.)
(M.E.P.C. LTD. owns 2,604,570 Common Shares of no	par	value
representing 69% of the total issued.)		
M.E.P.C. (IRELAND) LIMITED, and subsidiaries .		90%
BECTIVE HOUSE, DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN 2		
(Managing Director: A. Kennedy Kisch, M.A.)		

 $M \cdot E \cdot P \cdot C$